The Daily Sentinel.

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The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the Baltimore Gazette's Correspondent.

POLITICAL TALK IN WASHINGTON.

A large number of Southern delegates to the New York Convention have arrived here, and the question of platform and nomination is being freely discussed. The determination to sink all personal preferences and to unite on the strongest and best candidate is universally expressed. So strong is this feeling that many of the delegates actually abstain from expressing any preference. They express the greatest confidence in being able to carry every Southern State for the Conservatives if allowed to have fair elections. And just here comes in the important item. It is understood that there will be a declaration by the Convention to the effect that the *people* are determined to have a fair election. Such a notice being deemed necessary for two reasons—first that the Jacobins may be fully notified in advance that they will not be allowed to seize the Executive office by violence, outrage or fraud; and secondly, to arouse those who have of late years come to think that Radical outrages were not to be resisted, to the fact that the time has come to maintain the Constitution and the law. There have been some indications that a plot was being concocted by which Congress would exclude such States as might be necessary to secure to the present dominant party the Presidential election. The time for such plotting to be successful has passed. The fair election, and before the Radical candidate will be allowed to assume the duties of the Presidential office, he will have to be fairly elected according to the forms of the Constitution. Such are the declarations one hears on every side, and hence it is the declared purpose of delegates to the Convention to insist on giving the proper notice "to all whom it may concern."

With a fair election, it is believed that every Southern State will follow the example of Mississippi and roll up a Democratic majority. Mississippi has the largest registered negro vote in the South next to South Carolina, and yet with a fair ballot it is said has given a Conservative majority of twenty thousand. The delegation from Texas promise twenty thousand majority for the Democratic nominee, and more if General Hancock is in the field. The delegates from Alabama and South Carolina say that the rapid change which is going on in the Southern States will greatly astonish the Radical party and their carpet-bag agents. The political leagues which had been formed are being exposed, demoralized and broken up, and the negroes are becoming very much divided, many of them declaring their purpose to abandon their allies and form new associations.

The action of the majority of the House of Representatives in allowing McKee, of Kentucky, to take the seat which they had refused to John D. Young, the member elect, has given great dissatisfaction to the more honest and respectable members of the dominant party, and they are chafing bitterly under the contempt. Baker, (Radical) of Illinois, said yesterday that his party should adopt a standing rule, that whenever a Democrat had not more than 2 000 majority he should be considered defeated, and his Radical opponent be allowed his seat. Poland, (Radical) of Vermont, hearing the suggestion, proposed to amend, by declaring that whenever a State did not give over 20,000 Democratic majority, the entire Radical ticket should be declared elected.

Such remarks show how utterly disgusted these gentlemen are with the action of their own party. Poland remarked in the Committee which recommended that McKee should be admitted to a seat, that he could perceive but one objection to it. "And what is that one objection?" hastily asked the Chairman. "He has never been elected," as promptly responded Mr. Poland, "and you had as well vote Beau Hickman into a seat as to admit McKee." Baker remarked in conversation, yesterday, that he had not dreamed the outrage would be perpetrated until it was an accomplished fact.

THE CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM.

Platforms have heretofore had but little efficacy in controlling the ruling powers.—They have been mere catchwords to gull and govern the masses, while the leaders were being placed in authority. Especially has this been the case with the party now ruthlessly violating the fundamental principles of free government. The Chicago platforms, past and present, are made up of empty utterances, calculated, if not intended to deceive the multitude.

The principles upon which the Democrats and Conservatives are about to do battle are plain and of easy comprehension, brief and to the point. We find them well stated in the following paragraph:

1. General amnesty to white men;
2. Suffrage, whether universal or restricted, to be the work of the several States themselves;
3. No military government over the States;
4. Civil supremacy everywhere;
5. No trial of citizens by military tribunals;
6. A reduction of the standing army;
7. Abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau;
8. A reduction of taxes as a consequence of the abolition of military rule and of negro domination;
9. National obligations to be faithfully observed according to the letter and spirit.

These present the real issues between the parties. The Radicals are pledged to retain the opposite of these. They are pledged to keep up the *negro and military policy*; they have just renewed and extended the tenure of the negro bureau; and high taxes and a standing army are the natural consequences.—*Washington Express.*

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Post* relates that a soldier of the Twelfth infantry, now stationed at the capitol, was complaining very bitterly because he had been deprived of his vote by the Radical party. He said his poor old woman, who had dandled him on her knee, would be sorely grieved to learn that her boy had shed his blood only that lazy negroes might be elevated above him. He then commenced criticising Grant as a General, when a comrade interrupted, "Hist, friend, Grant whipped Lee." "Faith, and he did," was the reply, "under the inspiring song of 'We're coming, Father Abraham, with three hundred thousand more,'—adding, "My father told me, when I was a boy, that a swarm of bees could kill a horse." Sides resigned in Warsaw.

SALE OF MINES, PROPERTY, &c.—Messrs. F. W. Bennett & Co., auctioneers, will, this day at the Exchange Sale Room, at 11 o'clock, property of the Baltimore and Montgomery Mining Company, better known as the Steel gold mine, on the Uwharrie river, in Montgomery county, North Carolina, containing about seven hundred acres of land, with all its equipments, consisting of two steam engines—one of 10 horse and the other 25 horse power—pumps, 2 round puddles, (16 feet diameter,) 2 washers, (with rockers and sieve-doors,) buildings for offices, stores and superintendent, a large boarding house, barn, stable, blacksmith shop, and about 20 small houses for miners, &c. This mine is developed to the depth of upwards of 150 feet. The vein is composed of sulphurets slate and forms an auriferous belt of from 10 to 12 feet in thickness, carrying string of free gold to its centre. Purchased by W. S. Rayner, for $11,000.—*Baltimore Sun.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c. ERUPTIONS, MILK SCALD, WHITE SWELLING, RICKETS, SORE EYES, SORE LEGS, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's formula to be a safe and valuable A-1 article, and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. G. MOORE, M. D.,
J. A. SMITH, M. D.,
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G. G. HAINES, M. D.,
A. DOUGAN, M. D.,
E. TARBOX, M. D.,
F. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WORTHINGTON, M. D.,
W. L. HASKELL, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are gentlemen of reputable character and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor, and taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never fails to cure, and is a Family Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and are used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist,

BALTIMORE, Md.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Any and all orders will receive prompt attention, and will be forwarded to all parts of the United States and British America, and by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
20 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

THE BOOKS YOU WANT!

The Book of Wonders, Mysteries &c.: A complete Handbook of useful information, giving full directions for making Hair Oils, Dyes, Perfumery, Cordials, Patent Medicines, Inks of all kinds, Cologne, Cosmetics, &c. &c. Price 50c.

Everybody's Friend: Containing the Ladies' Guide to Beauty, Fancy Department, and How to Make Gifts worth ten times the cost of production or price. Price 50c.

Short Hand Without a Master. Price 50 cts.

Joe Miller, Jr.: Full of Fun, Puns, Conundrums, Witty Tales, &c. &c. The very thing to kill dullness. Price 25c.

Shakespeare Proverbs: Nearly 1,000 of the wisest and most quaint sayings of Shakespeare. &c.

Boxing Without a Master. &c.

The Chopped Up Monkey: A Puzzle—Price 25c.

How to Do It: 300 directions for knowing and doing everything in life. 50c.

Courtship Made Easy. The mysteries of making love fully explained, with specimen Love-letters. &c.

How to Choose a Wife. 25c.

How to Choose a Husband. 25c.

Parlor Magic: Or the art of sleight of Hand fully explained. 25c.

The Most Laughable Thing on Earth: A game that can be played by any number of persons, from two to fifty. &c.

The Boys Own Pistol: A nice Toy—harmless—gives a loud report—no gunpowder used. Price 50 cents. Any of the above will be sent, postpaid, to any address on receipt of price. Address

W. W. HEARTSILL,
Box 7, Enfield, N. C.

June 2 2w last w'k

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

General Commission and Shipping Merchants

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Dexter's sons (Richmond, Va.) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bros. superior plastic of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. HILL,

Wilmington, N. C.,
No. 32 North Water St.

June 25 1868-1y

J. H. HORNER'S

Classical and Mathematical School,

OXFORD, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will open the THIRD MONDAY IN JULY.

Terms as heretofore, except that no Stage fare between Oxford and Henderson will be charged to under 10, (ten) coming to attending.

June 26-1m*

For Sale.

A FEW MORE of the HILLSBORO' CANNED PEACHES

W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auction & Com. Merchants.

June 26-4t

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

4,000 BUSHELS OF CORN arriving and for sale at
June 29-4t UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Coffee, Coffee.

20 BAGS MORE RIO COFFEE at
June 29-4t UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE IRBERTON SNUFF.
Just to hand at
June 5 UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES
Just arrived at
June 5 tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Sugar, Sugar.

20 BBLS. EXTRA C SUGAR
Just received at
June 22 tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

70 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES
For sale at
June 22-4t UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Lard, Lard.

3,000 LBS. FAMILY LARD IN Tierces and Kegs. For sale by
June 22-4t UPCHURCH & DODD.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP.
Just received by
June 22-4t UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT.
For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER.
For sale by
June 22 tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE.
June 22-4t Just received at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS N. C. FLOUR in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-4t DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A-HALF per bushel.
Just received by
June 26 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. HIRESIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

GUANO!!

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO!

$92.50 PER TON OF TWO THOUSAND pounds. Five cts. per pound by the bag. For sale by
May 1 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

GUANO! GUANO!

The Genuine Peruvian!

ANOTHER LOT TO-DAY RECEIVING

Ninety-two dollars and fifty cents per Ton. Five cents per pound, by the Bag.

June 6 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
200 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE.
Just received by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

HOTEL CANDLES.
For sale by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

A NEW ARRIVAL OF

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES

At
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

NOW ARRIVING,
30 bbls. N. C. Family Flour.
55 " " Extra Super Flour.
For sale very low by
DOUGLAS BELL,
June 10-tf Commission Merchant.

10 PACKAGES GREEN AND BLACK TEA.
For sale by
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

30 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES.
Just arrived at
June 19-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SOLE LEATHER.

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO
TRAVELING BAGS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf E. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 20-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 2-tf At ANDREWS.

50 DOZ. CANS FRESH PEACHES.
April 20-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR
April 20-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN.
Just received.
April 20-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS,
Fayetteville St.

10 CASKS ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles.
April 20-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON—Sides and Shoulders, low.
April 21-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.
April 20-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 51, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice
Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made.
Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 29-148-tf

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Pickles, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
Mar 18—tf At TONNOFFSKI'S.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

BREAKFAST BACON, BRIGHT AND Sweet, Just the thing to cook with vegetables.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 24-tf Auction & Com Merchants.

SUGARS
Of the different grades.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 24-tf Com. Merchants.

FOR SALE.
25 Tubs nice White Lard.
W. H. JONES & CO.
June 24-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merch't's.

For Sale,

VERY LOW, A SMALL HOUSE, with 3 Rooms. Lot fronts 65 feet on Bloodworth Street, and 210 deep.
W. H JONES & CO.
June 6-tf. Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

20 BBLS. LABRADOR GROSS HERRINGS, very low to close consignment.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 17-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

FIFTY BUSHELS STOCK PEAS.
For sale by
June 10-tf W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auc. & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

TWO FIRST RATE COTTON GINS, 45 and 50 Saws to the Gin.
W. H JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'r's and Com Merchants.

N. C FAMILY ROE HERRINGS.—Price reduced to close consignment. 300 herrings in a ½ bbl.
Single Keg $6; $5,50 when 5 or more kegs are taken.
W. H JONES & CO.,
June 10-tf Auction'rs and Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

A NICE LITTLE FARM, within two miles of the City. Comfortable Dwelling, Gin House, Gin and Cotton Press and necessary out-buildings, and a nice young Orchard of select Fruit.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

Just Received.

27 BALES HAY AND FODDER.
W. H. JONES & CO.
June 2-tf Commission Merchants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,		$1 25
10 do do	do	2 25
50 do kegs	do	10 00
200 do barrels,	do	35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 2 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of Sores, Scratches and Cracks of all kinds. 40 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $3.60.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps,

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry.—Send for a descriptive pamphlet.

June 25-3m

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 15, 1868.

W. W. VASS, Treas'r.

June 27-4July31

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest and best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan desired.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
June 3-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,

JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. R. ISAACS,
SECRETARY. D. J. HARTSOOK,

MEDICAL EXAMINER,

CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
LEXINGTON, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-1

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

APPLICATIONS will be received at this time for the admission of 100 ADDITIONAL CADETS into this Institution. Those entering in the Summer months enjoy peculiar advantages in the special course of discipline and instruction, by which they are prepared for the regular studies which commence Sept. 1st.

Circulars will be sent on application.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
may 13 3aw1w&ow1w4t. Supt.

Warrenton Female Institute,

WARRENTON, N. C.

THE FIFTY-FIFTH SESSION will commence July 16th, 1868, with a full corps of efficient and experienced Instructors.

BOARD AND ENGLISH TUITION: One hundred dollars per session.

For further particulars, address

Rev. W. C. HUNTER,
Miss M. J. WILCOX,
Or Rev. M. M. MARSHALL.

June 27-2aw1m

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs.
Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates.

BRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

DRY GOODS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

April 22-tf

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE!

THE BEST JUDGES OF

FABRIC!

The best taste in STYLE! After "shopping" around, always buy of

W. H. & R. S TUCKER & CO.

Raleigh, May 2-tf

CALL IN!

YOU WILL SEE

WHY

WE LEAD THE RETAIL TRADE

of the City and County.

May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

2,000 YARDS GRENADINE!

A great novelty for

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Only 25 cents per yard.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

100 CASES OF SHOES, For Men, Women and Boys, lower than ever, direct from the manufactories.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

43 CASES OF SPRING AND SUMMER HATS, for Men, Women and Children, from 25 cents upwards.
May 2-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

4,600 YARDS CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, Cloths, Nankinetts, Denimes, and Linen Cottonades, from 25 cents per yard, and upward, for men and boys.
May 2-tf W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

April 30-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF Linseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,

Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS.

Jan 23-139-tf

41 Fayetteville Street,

ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS,
PLATED ICE PITCHERS,
PLATED CASTORS,
FINE IVORY-HANDLED TABLE KNIVES,
PLATED FORKS,
TEA AND TABLE SPOONS,

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, June 22—tf With Hart & Lewis.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and Corn Cultivators—approved by all who have tried them.

June 13-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

COLLINS & HEATH,

22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,
Sheet Lead,
Lead Pipe,
Iron Pipe,
Terra Cotta Pipe,
Brass Cocks,
Plated Cocks,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,
Water Closets,
Iron and China Basins,
Hydrants,
Pumps,
Hams, Fountains,
Water Wheels,
Garden Vases,
Water-Coolers,
Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Patapsco Cook,
Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Beebe Range,
European Range,
Magee Range,
Spence Range,
Emerald Range,
Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Parlor, Church and Stoves in great Variety.
All the different styles of Grates,
High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

A. MILLER,

No. 27 Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.

All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the Railroad receipt, the shipper can draw on me at sight.

may 13-2aw2m*

ALE.—A FRESH SUPPLY IN ½ and ¼ Casks.
June 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD. UNION SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the 50 Thousand shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in the Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come, and for per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required *so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 97, North River, Foot Beach st., Office 187, Greenwich st. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

O. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh, N. C.

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., Company Shops, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.30 P. M.
" Salisbury	2.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh	9.45 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.20 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury	9.36 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Stages leave Raleigh leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 2 P. M.

April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., Superintendent's Office, Raleigh, N. C., May 20th, 1868.

On and after May 20th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	12.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	5.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.15 P. M.
" arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South.

A. B ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Gener Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commission.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mann, Esq., Wash; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. G. Hill Lounsbury; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,	
300,000 White Oak Hhd "	
100,000 White Oak " Heading,	Norfolk Inspection.
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,	
50,000 White Oak Bbl "	

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.

Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWAND & HARRISS,
April 21-3m Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15-tf

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (3qt.) $8.00 " "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 19-104-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months..... $ 2
Six months..... 4,00
One year..... 8
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year..... 4,0
" " six months..... 2,0
Weekly Sentinel, one year..... 2,0
" " six months..... 1,0

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1868

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Our Legislative proceedings will give the points of interest connected with the organization of the first General Assembly in North Carolina, *by the will of Congress*, on yesterday.

The Radical caucus on Tuesday night had determined upon their candidates; hence, there was no contest for the Speakership of the House, the Conservatives resolving to compliment, very properly, Mr. Durham, by casting their votes for him.

The Senators and Representatives, whose certificates were laid on the table, because of alleged disabilities, will have a hearing, we presume, in a day or two.

A. H. Galloway, the colored Senator from New Hanover, exhibited his good sense and his liberality on the question of admitting Senators, in the opening proceedings of the Senate.

PROVISIONAL AND REGULAR.

The Congress has studiously kept up the distinction of "*provisional*" and "*regular*" in its legislation in reference to the Southern States. It assumed that the close of the war found them without civil governments, although, in each State, there *was* a civil government in fact and in due form, which was simply displaced or suspended by the military. Had the President and the Congress recognised the state of things which existed, and called back the *de facto* governments, through whom the future regular governments were to be formed on such a basis as would have satisfied the national government and its supporters, matters would soon have assumed a Constitutional and legitimate shape, and the illiberal and crushing legislation of Congress, and the irregular operation of military rule, which have so crippled the energies of the Southern people, might have been avoided.

Had President Johnson possessed the foresight, and the *feelings*, at the close of the war, which he had some months later, he would probably have so far recovered from his own prejudices, in the matter, as to have submitted the propositions of settlement, first agreed upon by Gens. Sherman and Johnston, to the Congress, and the government might at once have reached the only plausible and constitutional method of re organization. The conflicts and unjust legislation which have since followed the attempts at reconstruction had their origin in the confusion and demoralization which had been engendered by disregarding the Constitution, in the conduct of the war, &c.

This blunder, therefore, in the outset, has interfered with the attempts since made to get back to the Constitution, and, hence, the Congress has been boggling, through the agencies of military despotism and semi civil governments in the South, to get back to *regular* governments.

The mode adopted by Congress "to get back" will form one of the most singular and ridiculous pages in the future written history of the United States, if the historian will trouble himself to wade through the mass of matter, necessary to a full understanding of the whole case, to be found anywhere.

If Congress is the judge in such matters, it has settled definitely, by its own legislation, that the governments which have existed in the South, since the war, have been irregular and *provisional*, and that they must remain *provisional* until the States are declared, by proclamation, to be entitled to representation, and thereby restored to their full rights and powers in the Union.

The new Constitution for this department of Military District No. 2, and all the Executive and Judicial officers of the present General Assembly, were adopted and elected *for the State of North Carolina*, while the said Department of District No. 2 was under a quasi-civil provisional government and the State had no existence! It is plain, therefore, that the Constitution, as well as all the officers and Legislature elected, are clearly irregular and provisional, and, being unconstitutional or extra-constitutional, or, as Mr. Thaddeus Stevens holds, "outside of the Constitution," and conditional, we ask, in the name of common sense, by what power, or by what process, *can they ever become regular, legitimate and constitutional?* We know that the new power claimed by the revolutionary Congress, which can unmake States at will, which can ignore and set aside or hook out of its way, both the Executive and Judicial *co ordinate* branches of the government, can make States, or do any thing else it has the will to do, except impossibilities. But is there any thing impossible to a body like Congress, which it chooses to do, in regard to the political condition of the Southern States? Yet we will be obliged to any one who will explain how Congress, or the existing governments of the South, can ever make them regular and constitutional governments? The subject of creation or the creature made can never acquire greater powers than those conferred by the creator, much less can the creature ever acquire powers greater than those of the creator. The existing civil governments must, therefore, ever continue irregular and provisional governments, until the people of the State, still acknowledged to be the "source of power" by the Congress itself, shall restore the government to its regular, legitimate and constitutional forms—a consummation we trust *the people of North Carolina* will never lose sight of UNTIL IT IS ACCOMPLISHED!

The Eutaw (Ala.) prisoners, after being pardoned by Meade's order, were carried to Galveston and turned loose in the street without a cent of money and denied transportation home.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

RALEIGH, N. C. July 1st, 1868.

Pursuant to a proclamation of W. W. Holden, Governor elect of North Carolina, the Senators elect convened in the Senate Chamber in this city this day.

The Senate having been called to order, Hon. R. P. Dick, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, administered the oath prescribed in the new Constitution to the Lieut. Gov. elect, Tod R. Caldwell, Esq., who thereupon assumed the chair as President of the Senate.

The President appointed Mr. Barrow, Senator of the 4th. District, to act as principal Clerk, and Mr. Sweet, of the 10th. District, as assistant Clerk *pro tem.*

The oath prescribed in the Constitution was then administered to the following Senators by Judge Dick, who claimed to be under no political disability:

Messrs. White, Etheridge, Martindale, Respass, Barrow, Beasley, Eppes, (negro,) Bellamy, Rich, Sweet, Moore, Colgrove, Legg, Galloway, (negro,) Hayes, Harrington, Hall, Cook, Brogden, Jones, of Wake, Wynne, Hyman, (negro,) Winstead, Lassiter, Burns, Shoffner, Welker, Davis, Beeman, Melchor, Robbins, Long, Forkner, Mason, Eaves, Smith and Blythe.

Certificates of election were presented by Messrs. Allen, Purdie, Turner, Lindsay, Richardson, Wilson, Jones, of Caldwell, Moore and Love, and were laid on the table because of alleged disabilities. Several of the Senators submitted objections to the ruling. The President declared the Senate organized and ready for business.

When the 23d District was called, Mr. Turner, of Orange, offered his credentials.

The President asked if he was banned by the Howard amendment?

Mr. T. said, that depended upon what law we were organizing the Senate under. If we were acting under the Constitution of N. C. neither the Howard amendment nor any other amendment disqualified him. If we are organizing under the acts of Congress and this was a provisional government, then he was required to take the test oath, and so were all the Senators. He wished to know under what law we were organizing. No one here had authority to question his right to a seat when he offered Gen. Canby's certificate of election. Could the people of Burke, who had elected the President of the Senate, say to the people you must send a representative to the Senate that pleases us or our representatives, or he must stand aside?

Mr. Turner's credentials were laid upon the table. Subsequently Mr. T. moved that the Senator from the 14th District be called and allowed to qualify. He had not answered to his name when called. The President subsequently called Mr. T. to order, stating that Mr. T. had no right to speak, as the Senate was organized and his credentials not received.

Mr. T. said he begged pardon, he thought one member elect had the same rights as another.

The President explained: The Senate was organized and the Senator could appeal from his decision if he wished.

Mr. T. said he should be guilty of no such bad manners to the Chair. He would not appeal.

Mr. Turner said he did not understand the Senate to be organized. When he was ruled to silence, he knew it was not. He then held up the credentials of Mr. Melchor Senator from Cabarrus, and said he had been requested by his friend to move that he be allowed to qualify, but as it was out of order for him to move, he would move it to the Senator, which he did without making the motion.

An unknown Senator said every Senator had been offered an opportunity to qualify if he desired it.

Mr. T. said the President had denied his right to participate in the discussion and organization of the Senate. He knew if he should ask permission of the body to be heard, it would not be denied.

The President stated that *by* consent, Mr. T. could be heard. The vote being taken, it was unanimous for Mr. T. to proceed.

Mr. Turner said the vote of the Senate showed clearly that if he had appealed from the decision of the Chair, as invited, the Chair would not have been sustained.

Mr. Turner said he did not know the Senator who sat before him, his name nor the district that he represented, but from what had fallen from him he knew he had some sense of right, justice and propriety; he therefore asked him to move that all Senators presenting certificates be allowed to qualify. He did not understand the action of the Senate as that Senator did; on the contrary the permission had been refused to certain Senators, to qualify. It was now a question of brute force. What right had the people of Granville, Person and Burke through their representatives to say to the people of Orange, you shall not be heard on this floor without my permission, when all are elected under the same law and authority?

He could submit to the despotism of military power, because there was no help for it—but he could not, he would not, submit in silence to the despotism of civilians professing to act under constitutions and laws. He had the same right to forbid the President taking his seat, that he had to forbid him,—and no Senator had or could offer a reason why one Senator should qualify and another should not.

The unknown Senator kept quiet and made no motion, as Mr. Turner had requested.

A. H. Galloway, negro, from New Hanover, said, for his part, he could see no reason or authority for one Senator to question the certificate of another. The right of one Senator to qualify was quite as good as another, until the Howard Amendment was adopted and it become a part of the Constitution. No test oath could be required now. He was not willing, nor did he think he had any authority, to require oaths of others, except the oath required of all.

Mr. Jones, of Wake, said when he was elected he had doubted whether he would be able to take his seat, but his disabilities had been removed, and as this was a serious question, he moved the Senate adjourn until to-morrow, to consider the question.

It then being one o'clock, the Senate adjourned.

"HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES."

WEDNESDAY, July 1, 1868.

At 10 o'clock, the House was called to order by Judge Pearson.

Col. J. T. Deweese then administered the oath of office to Judge Pearson, as Chief Justice of the State.

The oath was in accordance with the new Constitution.

Judge Pearson then administered the oath of office to Judge Reade and R. P. Dick, as Associate Justices, and soon ascertained, as the other associate Justices were absent, he would administer the oath to Governor elect, Mr. Holden.

The oath required by the new Constitution was then administered to him.

After the oath was taken, there was faint applause in the Hall.

Judge Pearson and Dick then proceeded to the Senate to install the Lieutenant Governor and organize *that* body, and Judge Reade called the House to order.

On taking the chair, he said:

"I am ready to proceed to administer the oath to all the members. The roll will be called alphabetically. Under the orders of Gen. Canby, none can be qualified, who are banned by the Howard Amendment. Gentlemen will please state the facts, when their names are called, and, if banned, they will be requested to stand aside for the present. I have no authority to administer the oath to any thus banned. I shall qualify those whose names have been published as having their disabilities removed by Congress."

He then proceeded to qualify those who presented themselves in answer to their names at the desk of the Clerk.

After the ceremony of qualifying was over, the Clerk announced the following gentlemen as being banned by the 14th. Article:

Messrs. Allison, of Orange, Davidson, of Iredell, Grier, of Mecklenburg, Harper, of Caldwell, Justice, of Henderson, Kelly, of Duplin, Long, of Caswell, Nicholson, of Iredell, and Stuart, of Harnett.

By direction of Judge Reade, the acting Clerk called the roll and 22 members answered to their names, as having been legally qualified.

Judge Reade then left the stand, (remarking, as he did so, "*We're at home now,*") when,

On motion of Mr. Abbott, Mr. J. W. Bowman, of Mitchell, was appointed Chairman *pro tem.*

On further motion, Messrs. Candler, of Buncombe, and Banner, of Watauga, were appointed Secretaries *pro tem.*

Mr. Abbott then moved that the House go into the election of a Speaker. Carried.

Mr. A. then placed the name of Joseph William Holden, of Wake, in nomination.

Mr. Moore, of Alamance, added that of Plato Durham, Esq., the gallant gentleman from Cleaveland.

The vote being taken, it resulted in the following ballot:

Those who voted for Mr. Holden were:

Messrs. Abbott, Ames, Ashworth, Bowman, Barnett, Barnes, Carson, Candler, Clayton, of Chowan, Cherry, (negro,) Cawthorn, (negro,) Dixon, Downing, Ellington, Estes, Foster, Franklin, Forkner, Gahagan, Gunter, Gilbert, Graham, Huchings, (negro,) Harris, of Franklin, Harris, of Wake, (negro,) Hoffman, Horney, Hodgin, Hayes, (negro,) Hinnant, Hendricks, Ingram, Kinney, Long, of Chatham, Long, of Richmond, Leary, (negro,) Laflin, Mayo, (negro,) Morris, (negro,) Mendenhall, McCanless, Moring, Peck, Pou, Parker, Proctor, Pearson, Robbins, negro, Ragland, Renfrow, Reynolds, Rea, Smith, of Martin, Stilley, Simmons, Seymour, Stevens, (negro,) Sweat, (negro,) Snipes, Sykes, (negro,) Sinclair, Short, Siegrist, Stanton, Vestal, Vest, Wilson, Williamson, (negro,) Wilkie, Wiswall, White and Waldrop—72.

Those who voted for Mr. Durham were:

Messrs. Argo, Armstrong, Clayton, of Transylvania, Davis, Ellis, Farrow, Gatling, Gibson, Green, Hodnett, High, Humphries, Hawkins, Jarvis, Moore, Matheson, Proffitt, Robinson, Smith, of Alleghany, Shaver, Thompson, Whitley and Williams—23.

Mr. J. W. Holden's election was announced. The chairman appointed Messrs. Candler and Laflin to conduct him to the chair; and, on assuming the Chair, he said that no Legislature that had assembled in this State, since that of 1776, had more onerous duties awaiting its action, &c., and tendered his grateful, &c., &c., for the honor done him.

Mr. Estes, of New Hanover, moved the House go into the election of a Clerk.—Carried.

Mr. E. then nominated Mr. Boner, of Forsyth, for that position.

Mr. Durham, of Cleaveland, nominated Seaton Gales, Esq., of Wake.

The vote being taken Mr. Boner received 72 and Mr. Gales 24.

Mr. B. was then declared elected and at once installed in his office.

On motion, the House went into the election of an Assistant Clerk.

Mr. Bowman nominated Mr. Candler, from Buncombe.

Cawthorn, (negro,) of Warren, nominated J. O'Hara, (negro,) of Wayne.

Messrs. Ebecke and Charlotte were also put in nomination.

Mr. Ashworth, of Randolph, and Jas. H. Harris, (negro,) of Wake, advocated the claims of O'Hara at some length.

The ballot, being taken, resulted in the election of Mr. Candler—he having received a majority of the votes cast.

Mr. Bowman offered a resolution, sending a message to the Senate, informing them of the organization of this body. Carried.

By Mr. Estes: A resolution raising a joint Committee of five—two from the Senate and three on the part of the House—to wait on the Governor, informing him of the organization, and their readiness to receive any communication he may choose to send. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, the House then adjourned until 4 P. M.

DIABOLICAL CRUELTIES PRACTICED BY THE RADICALS UPON NEGROES.—Among the methods of torture employed by these wretches upon the negroes to make them swear away human lives was the instrument known as the "*sweat-box.*" This we understand to be a box of wood, inside of which the victim is made to stand. The wooden sides of this box, by means of a screw, are compressed closer and closer, until the individual can scarcely breathe; then a stream of hot air or steam is thrown upon the victim; he is almost stifled; a pressure put upon his heart and lungs until the agony of his position is such that human nature sinks under the infliction, and the poor creature cries out that he is ready to testify to anything desired. *We assert that our information is positive and reliable that these infernal cruelties have been practiced by the Federal military in Georgia upon black men in order to make them swear away the lives of innocent white men and respectable citizens before a military commission "organized to convict," and with murder in their hearts.*

One of these poor negroes thus tortured was kept there so long that his knee actually burst open by the pressure of blood. *National Intelligencer, 29th.*

SOLITARY AND ALONE.—"A Jew" has actually turned up who is in favor of General Grant. He has written a letter to a New York paper. He is frank enough to admit that "the majority of the foreign-born Jews will go with the Democratic party," but is hopeful of finding some native Jews," who will keep him company. This must be the "Wandering Jew." As they said at Chicago—"match him."

UNRECONSTRUCTED STATES NOT TO VOTE AT THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The Senate Judiciary Committee, at its meeting to day, discussed Edmund's bill for the counting of electoral votes after the next Presidential election. It provides that the States not represented in Congress shall not be allowed to send electors to the electoral college, nor to take part in the Presidential election. The chairman of the committee was authorized to report favorably upon the bill as it stands.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

Among the fire works announced for the 4th of July, in New York, are "splendid four-pounder parachute rockets with stars which change color and are supported in the air by balloons, and combat between two fiery dragons in mid air."

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.

The people of the North will probably never know, as they cannot fully realize, all the frightful and inhuman tortures inflicted upon the South at the hands of military satraps. Our attention has been called to a case quite as flagrant as that of the Columbus prisoners.

It seems that about six weeks ago a Federal soldier was killed at Warrenton in this State. No clue, so far as we can ascertain, has yet been afforded to detect the perpetrator of this violence. But the military authorities—those fine gentlemen sent here to preserve order and protect the innocent—assumed full knowledge of the case; and, without the feeble show of affidavits from any party or parties whatsoever, arrested a peaceful and inoffensive citizen of Warrenton by the name of Cody. This gentleman was hustled off to Milledgeville, with manacles on his ankles and wrists. While thus chained, and in a dungeon, he was brutally attacked by four or five soldiers, who had been imprisoned in the same apartment for trivial misdemeanors. These soldiers set upon him to be a slayer of one of their comrades. As their superior did not give the unfortunate man a chance to exculpate himself, neither did these base underlings allow him the charity of a doubt. One of them kicked him in the mouth, leaving a hideous gash upon his lip, and Mr. Cody was finally saved from fatal consequences through the rescue of a sergeant of the guard.

A military commission was then designated for his trial at Milledgeville, and *one day's* notice given of the time to Mr. Cody's counsel. Upon repairing to Milledgeville the counsel was informed that the order for trial had been revoked, and Atlanta substituted for Milledgeville.

The trial took place one hundred and twenty miles from the residence of the prisoner, and occupied twenty-one days, during which time Mr. Cody was marched from his cell to the court, chained like a felon at his ankles and wrists.

Now mark the sequel. After an abrupt seizure; maltreatment, when manacled, by Federal soldiers; transportation and imprisonment remote from his residence; a tedious trial, and the degrading handcuffs of a condemned criminal—he was allowed to go homeward fully acquitted of the charge against him.

There is not an innocent man in Georgia who is not liable to a similar fate. Will the people of the North abet and encourage the awful humiliation of the South? If so, they may well shudder from their own fate, when tyranny has exhausted itself upon us, and seeks its victims among themselves.

We trust that Mr. Cody or his counsel will publish a detailed account of this dark business, and we hope, for the sake of humanity, that the picture may be less horrible than our informant warrants us to believe.—*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE THIRD session of Mrs. A. M. GORMAN'S School for girls and boys will commence on the fifteenth day of July next, at her residence in this city.

Terms: Three dollars per month, or fifteen dollars per session of five months—half pay invariably in advance.

July 2-td.

Guisers' Separator and Horse Power.

Just received at N. C. Depot, one more of those celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.

—ALSO—

In store Harman's Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake for 1868, and the Dixie Wheat Fan.

July 2-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

HERRINGS.

Just received, on consignment, a small lot of Prime N. C. Cut Herrings.

July 2-1w JAMES M. TOWLES.

WANTED.

By a competent young man and recent graduate in Medicine, a situation as Druggist.

Apply to

July 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale.

7 Hhds Shoulder Bacon, cheap, to close consignment. Also

500 Bushels Corn.

July 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.

THE FALL TERM commences Aug. 5, 1868.

EXPENSES.

Tuition, per term	$30 00
Tuition in Preparatory and Special Schools	20 00 to 30 00
Board, including furnished room, per month	11 00 to 12 00
Whole expense, including tuition, board, washing, fuel and Janitor's fee, per term	75 00 to 95 00

All expenses to be paid in currency; Board monthly in advance; Tuition, one half in advance, the remainder at the middle of the term; books and stationery on delivery.

Any departure from these regulations must be by special arrangement

Indigent young men and patrons, desiring some indulgence, should correspond with the President of the Faculty.

For full information as to course of study, Special Schools, &c., send for a Catalogue.

On all matters pertaining to the College, apply to Dr. Craven, Trinity College, N. C.

T. WYCHE.

July 2-ed2w* Sec. Board Trustees.

Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

JULY, 1868.

ANDREWS,

THE CLOTHIER.

(Opposite Tucker Hall.)

SPECIAL OPENING.

Elegant Dress Suits, Latest Style;
Plain and Fancy Cassimere Suits;
White Duck Linen Suits;
Boys' Brown Linen Suits;
Youths' Cassimere Suits;

Fine Dress Shirts;
Gauze Merino Under Shirts;
Linen Drawers;
Jean Drawers;
Cravats and Suspenders;

Together with every article usually kept in a gentleman's first class FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

☞ *The prices to suit the times.*

July 2-tf

VINE HILL ACADEMY,

Scotland Neck, N. C.

THIRD SESSION begins July 16th. Tuition $40 and and $25. Board and tuition, including every thing except washing, $125.

Address J. M. LOVEJOY.

July 1-2awlw

School Notice.

MISS FLORENCE MARTINDALE will open School at her Mother's residence, July 1st, 1868.

TERMS: $2 per month. Monthly payments required.

June 27-3t

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS'

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES

Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,

Jan 20 148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,

Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof" approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

Now, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

HILAND R. HULBURD,
Seal. Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,082.

STATE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS H. FOOTE

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-tf.

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES

OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash, and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON,
June 30-td Commissioner.

WILLIAM W. JONES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HENDERSON, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE in the Counties of Granville, Franklin and Warren, and in the Federal Courts at Raleigh, N. C. Special attention given to matters in Bankruptcy.

Prompt personal attention given to collecting and securing claims in all parts of the State.

March 31—3m.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT

WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.

The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.

June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

NOTICE.

BY MUTUAL CONSENT, the copartnership of the firm of G. T & W. C. STRONACH, is this day dissolved. All owing the late firm will come forward and promptly settle, except those by special contract.

GEO. T. STRONACH,
W. C. STRONACH.

June 30-tf.

NOTICE.

We will conduct our business at the store formerly occupied by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH where, at all times, we will serve our customers with pleasure.

June 30-tf W. C. STRONACH & CO.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Kittrell's Springs Female College,

Granville County, N. C.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES the 1st day of July (Wednesday.)

Address by Rev. T. R. Sargent, D. D.

Concert at night, under the management of Prof. Jno. Koerber, Graduate of the Musical Conservatory, Munich.

The Sabbath previous, Sermon by Rev. H. T. Hudson

The next Session will open the Monday following July 6th.

During the present scholastic year, 180 pupils have matriculated. This fact speaks for itself.

C. B. RIDDICK, Pres't.

June 1-1m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

Louisburg Female College,

FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,

June 15-tf President.

Henderson Collegiate Institute,

HENDERSON, N. C.

FRED A. FETTER, A. M., Principal.
CHARLES FETTER, A. B., Assistant.

THE FIFTH SESSION of this Institution will open on Wednesday, 1st July, 1868.

Course of study designed to prepare boys for any University, or for business.

TERMS:

Per Session of 20 weeks—half in advance, balance on the 1st September:

Tuition and Board, (with the Principal,) fuel and lights included, $115,00.

Each Student is required to furnish a pair of blankets, a pair of sheets, a pair of pillow-cases and his towels.

Circulars sent on application

June 16—3tawlm

Wake Forest College, N. C,

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August, 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete assurance given at the recent Commencement of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages itself tends to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session)	$30,00
" " Collegiate Course,	35,00
Board per week in private families (table fare)	2,50 to 3,00
Board, per week, with lodging,	3,00 to 3,75
Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session	3,00
Servants' hire "	2,00
Washing, per month,	1,50

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS,

June 23-d&wtAug15 Sec. Board of Trustees.

Thomasville Female College,

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $10 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive, embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day, any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address Rev. D. R. BRUTON,

June 24-d2aw.swAwt10th aug. President.

North Carolina Military and Polytechnic Academy,

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SECOND TERM of the Session of 1868 begins July 1st.

Cadets will be received at any time during the session.

For circulars, containing full information, address GEN. R. E. COLSTON,

June 1-3tawlm Superintendent.

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will begin on the second Monday in July, 1868.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS:

Board with the Principals, (washing, lights and towels not included,)	$70 00
Tuition in Primary Department,	15 00
" Regular English Course,	20 00
Latin, Greek and French, each, extra,	5 00

Board must be paid quarterly in advance. All accounts for Tuition are due at the close of the session, and will be promptly presented for payment.

Circulars sent on application.

M. S. DAVIS, A. M. } *Principals.*
W. J. KING, A. M. }

June 19-4w

SCHOOL NOTICE.

THE SECOND SESSION of the School of the Rev. Dr. MASON and Mr. S. G. RYAN will commence on the 3rd of July next—the Session to consist of twenty weeks.

For instruction in the Classical Department, including the branches of English education, $30 per Session.

For English branches alone $25 per session.

One half the Tuition money to be paid in advance.

Mr. RYAN proposes also to receive into his family, as boarders, not more than ten boys.

Board for the whole year of 12 months, $200, or $17 per month.

June 20-3tawlw

WATERING PLACES.

HOT SPRINGS,

BATH COUNTY, VA.

James A. McClung ..... Manager.
S. C. Tardy & Co. ..... Proprietors.
J. E. Williams ..... Resident Physician.

NOW OPEN TO VISITORS.

THE HOTEL HAS BEEN RECENTLY enlarged, and new Baths constructed. No expense or effort has been spared by the Proprietors to render this famous watering place as comfortable as possible to all visitors.

The Hot Waters here have been well known, for more than half a century, to possess, in a wonderful degree, tonic, alterative, detergent and stimulating properties, and have been justly celebrated for the cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Diseases of the Liver, Skin, Bladder and Womb, Paralysis, the result of injury or serous effusion, Contraction of Muscles and Joints, Diarrhœa and Dyspepsia, accompanied with Sore Mouth and Tongue.

Route from the North, *via* Orange and Alexandria Railroad, to Gordonsville; thence *via* Virginia Central Railroad to Millboro' or Covington Depot; thence by Trotter & Co's Stage Line, over Turnpike Road to Hot Springs. Distance from Millboro' 20 miles, from Covington eighteen miles.

Route from the South, *via* Richmond or Lynchburg, and Virginia Central Railroad, to Millboro' or Covington.

Board $3 per day; $20 per week; $75 per month.

For descriptive Pamphlets and Circulars apply to S. C. TARDY & CO.,

Post Office Box 517, Richmond, Va.

Or to J. A. McCLUNG, Manager,

June 18-4july15 Hot Springs, Va.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children, under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.

June 1-d3w3m.

SWEET SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsak's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

☞ Board $3 per day. June 12-4aug5

MISCELLANEOUS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,

June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C.

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.

June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 23—1y

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,
GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,
BOWLS AND PITCHERS,
WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis.

Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1868

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be the caliber enumerated at 10 minion lines, or 14 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1868.

DAILY SENTINEL FOR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The *Sentinel* will be furnished, daily, *to subscribers only for the session*, at $1 per month. Members of the General Assembly will be supplied on the same terms, at their rooms or desks. The paper cannot be afforded for less, in view of the cost of reporting. It will only be sent during the session to those who order it and pay in advance.

Our regular subscribers will continue to be furnished at former rates: $4 for six months and $8 for the year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—See announcement by the Secretary of the Board of Trustees of Trinity College, of the commencement of the Fall Term, Aug. 5th.

Shoulder Bacon, to close consignement: W. H. Jones & Co.

Special Opening and Superb Stock: R. R. Andrews, "Clothing Emporium, Fayetteville Street.

The third session of Mrs. A. M. Gorman's School, in this City, will commence on the 15th.

Guiser's Separator and Horse Power, Harman's Steel-Tooth Wheat Horse Rake, and Dixie Wheat Fan: James M. Towles, Agent.

Prime N. C. Cut Herrings: James M Towles, Agent.

Messrs. W. B. Asten & Co., No. 25, Pearl Street, N. Y., advertise Grain and Flour Sacks. They can furnish Grain Sacks of all sizes and qualities. Cotton and Paper Flour Sacks printed to order, &c.

ANDREWS, the Clothier, anticipating the wants of the large number of strangers, at present in the city, has recently made large additions to his already well assorted and attractive stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods. Give him a call.

THE LATE EDMUND B. FREEMAN.—The funeral of our late venerable and estimable citizen was attended, on yesterday afternoon, by a large concourse of our people, of both sexes. The death of few men could have occasioned more general regret, and all seemed anxious to testify their respect to the memory of the deceased.

The burial service of the Episcopal Church was impressively read by the Rev. Dr. Curtis, of Hillsboro,—the Rev. Dr. Mason, the Rector of the Parish, being absent from the City.

The Masonic Fraternity assisted in the ceremonies, at the Cemetery, with the beautiful and imposing services of their Order.

COTTON BLOOM.—Dr. W. R. Miller has laid upon our table the first Cotton blooms of the season, in this section. The Dr., we believe, led the van, in 1867, but the present blooms are thirteen days in advance of his last year's exhibit. So much for having a skillful manager, like Mr. Jno. W. Harrison, who superintends the Dr's. farming operations.

SUPREME COURT.—The following are the closing opinions:

BY PEARSON, C. J.—In State *vs.* Wallace, from Mecklenburg, no error. In Gully *vs.* Halloway *et. al.* from Wake, decree declaring rights, &c.

BY BATTLE, J.—In Rogers *vs.* Hinton, from Wake, no error. Petition dismissed. In State *vs.* McCurry, from Cleaveland, no error. In State *vs.* Willis, from Wake, no error.

BY READE, J.—In Bynum *vs.* Daniel, from Wilson, no error. In Vaughn *vs.* Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road Company, error, *venire de novo*.

DESTRUCTION OF CROPS IN THE EAST.—We regret to learn that the violent rains, in several of the Eastern and North Eastern Counties, have destroyed the growing crops entirely. The country is said to be flooded. The rains are regarded as the most violent which have occurred in the last fifty years. We have heard from Hyde, Tyrrell and Currituck Counties, and the destruction in those Counties is represented as being almost complete. If the water, however, subsided in a few days, the rich lands of that section would now produce a crop of corn, if planted at once.

WHEAT CROP.—The general impression has been produced that the wheat crop of the State is a very full one, and that the quality of the wheat is very good. We regret that our latest information does not warrant this conclusion. We understand that, in many sections, while the straw was good, the grain is dwarfed, and that the actual yield of the wheat crop is not more than half as good as was expected. The cold season and heavy rains destroyed the bloom before the grain had been sufficiently formed. The oat crop is generally good, and corn and cotton are looking well.

OFFICE OF GOVERNOR.

It will be seen that, in obedience to the order of Gen. Canby, W. W. Holden, Esq., took the oaths of office prescribed by the new Constitution, on yesterday, and enters upon the duties of the office of Governor.

Gov. Worth retires readily and gracefully, making his *protest*, as he felt in duty bound to do, believing that his claim to the office is paramount to that of Mr. Holden. He makes the protest, not on his own account, but in the interests of the future.

NORTH CAROLINA MILITARY ACADEMY.—This institution, under the care of Gen. Colston and an able corps of assistant instructors, at Hillsboro', suspends its exercises for a week, and resumes on Monday. This institution, in all respects, merits the warm support of our people. We hope the next term will begin with a large accession of students.

MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.—As soon as we can obtain a revised list, we will re publish the names of the members of the Congressional Legislature, with the respective Counties and Districts from which they come.

"WE'RE AT HOME NOW," quoth *Judge Reade*, in the House, on yesterday. This was, we suppose, intended to be the concluding sentence of the Judge's speech, made nearly three years ago, wherein he said that "We were *going* home!"

LO! THE POOR NEGRO.—The short extract which we publish, in another column, from the National *Intelligencer*, giving the authentic details of the Radical-military maltreatment of negroes in Georgia, is enough, one would suppose, to open wide the eyes of that deluded race. Now that the Radicals have obtained a lease of power, through the instrumentality of the negroes, they will monopolize the spoils, for which their cormorant souls have hankered, to the exclusion of those to whom they are indebted for the opportunity. They will prove false and treacherous to the negroes, as they have proven perfidious, heretofore, to all their obligations. Just let any considerable number of the blacks vote the anti-Radical ticket, and these very Radicals will be clamorous for the disfranchisement of the race. The only use they have for the negroes is to employ them as tools to subserve their own selfish and mercenary purposes.

We have a strong case in point: The Radical managers in North Carolina, although relying exclusively upon the colored vote for success, failed to put any negro upon their State ticket, in the late canvass, (although they might have found many negroes more reputable than the majority of so-called white men they placed upon it.)—And now, having obtained all the important offices, the Radicals in the Legislature, which has just assembled, evince a disposition to exclude the negroes from even a moderate share of the subordinate places. Out of the twelve or fifteen paying offices which the Legislature elects, but one or two of them will be given to negroes, although the number of applicants was and is very large, under a natural expectation that at least a few *crumbs* would be given to their color. There is Booker Hutchings, for instance, (and his case is but one out of many, only employed for the sake of illustration,) who, although ruled off the legislative track to make way for that pampered, and not half so worthy, negro, Jim Harris, and although he has worked for the party faithfully, on *promised* pay, could not even get the paltry place of Doorkeeper for which he was a candidate. As there is a white presiding officer of the Senate, Joseph William, in order to be *consistent*, should have yielded *his* place in the House to a negro, and the Radicals, in order to be consistent, should have supported him. There was a negro candidate in the caucus, but he was literally hooted out of his aspirations.

It may be said that the negroes, in having so few of the offices within the gift of the Legislature, have yet as many as their numerical strength therein entitles them to. That is not the point. Five sixths of the Radicals in the Legislature owe their election to negroes, just as the "Governor elect" and the other new State officials do, and common gratitude and fidelity demand that the fact should be *substantially* recognized. But the negroes will yet find out that, in serving scallawags and carpet-baggers, they are serving an ungrateful and selfish master, and that they have sold themselves for counterfeit money.

CAUCUS.—The first caucus of the white and negro Radicals, in the Commons Hall, on Tuesday night, developed, it is said, considerable diversity of opinion and want of harmony. The Yankee element, however, had the upper hand, and seem determined to keep it. The more moderate men among the Radicals, who have some State pride left and are opposed to seeing all the offices monopolized by adventurers and squatters, or those who affiliate with them, were "snowed under." The selection of Joseph William, the hopeful scion of the "Governor elect," for the Speakership, is understood to be a choice in the interests of the carpet-bag faction, the fruits of which will transpire before many days. "Watch and wait."

THE New York *World* asks: "What is the use of the Southern whites voting?—They have first to contend against as unscrupulous villains as ever stuffed a ballot-box, and if they pile up such a tremendous majority as even loyal figuring cannot crush, then Congress steps in and declares the Constitution carried anyhow, as it did in the case of Alabama. Do not blame these tortured people, then, if they do not vote.—Many of them, nearly a quarter of a million of them, cannot vote—they are disfranchised, and those who can and do vote, vote only to have their votes disregarded by a Congress that has shown itself—we regret the necessity of such language—a common liar."

Somebody has written to Butler. "How doth the little busy B.!" The letter found him amid his spoils, and he sent word that he still improved "each *shining* hour."

SPOTSYLVANIA MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.

The ladies of Spotsylvania County, Virginia, and vicinity, have organized a Memorial Association, for the purpose of rescuing from oblivion and desecration, the Confederate Dead, and of paying to their memory that respect and honor which they have so justly deserved.

That this object will commend itself to the sympathies and co-operation of the Southern people, we feel assured.

For these scattered ashes were once your own "flesh and blood!"—are the remains of *your own dead*—the relics of Father, Husband, and Son.

They have moreover perished in behalf of a cause once inwrought with every fibre and sympathy of our souls; and to which they and we sacrificed, in conscious rectitude, every interest, and *they* even life.

To leave them unhonored and uncared for, would be to stultify every conviction of our conscience, and trample upon the most righteous and sacred emotions of our humanity.

The purview of our Association is National. It covers the great battle-fields of Chancellorsville, the Wilderness, and Spotsylvania C. H., together with the scattered and solitary dead of the vicinity, and thus is seen to include this entire region with the exception of Fredericksburg.

Among these dead *heroes* of the Army of Northern Virginia, are representatives of every Southern State!

In the furtherance of our object, we have already progressed far beyond our expectations.

A beautiful site, containing fifteen acres of land, situated about half a mile from Spotsylvania C. H., between the Confederate and Federal lines of battle, has been secured, laid off, and apportioned to the dead of each State.

Those who perished on the Spotsylvania C. H. battle field—those who died at its field hospitals, and all the scattered dead in its immediate vicinity, have already been interred.

With the exception of $300, received from other States, thus much has been accomplished by means raised in our own and the adjoining counties.

Our home resources are now exhausted, and unless we obtain the means to complete our sacred purpose, from the people of the Southern States, it must be abandoned.

But we have no such expectation, and now confidently appeal to the people of these States to help us in our enterprise.

Help us through your Legislatures, as Cities and Communities, and as individuals, and let the work no longer be retarded by your want of sympathy and co-operation.

Contributions should be sent to any of the subjoined Officers:

MRS. DR. A. J. BOULWARE, President.
MRS. JOHN R. SAMUEL, Vice President.
Miss EMILY BROWNE, Rec. Sec'ry.
Miss D. B. FRENCH, Cor. Sec'ry.
MRS. RO. C. DABNEY, Treasurer.
Address, Fredericksburg, R. F. & P. Rail-Road, Virginia.

The foregoing appeal tells its own touching story. It will, of course, be useless to look to any of the Legislatures of the South, as at present constituted, for any aid in the filial and holy work of the patriotic leaders of this, or any similar, Association. But we trust that this fact will the more stimulate our people, wherever they may be at all able, to further the holy object which the ladies of Spottsylvania have undertaken, with such commendable zeal. Thousands of the gallant sons of North Carolina sleep beneath the soil of the historic battle-fields of Spottsylvania, Chancellorsville and the Wilderness, and it would be a reflection upon our gratitude, and upon our veneration for the memories of our lost kindred and friends, did we stand idly by and permit a hallowed commemorative design of this character to fail for lack of assistance.

We invoke our people, therefore, to aid in this pious work. Let them send contributions to the Secretary, or purchase life-memberships in the Association. Miss French, the Secretary, will furnish all necessary information.

A Washington special dispatch to the Louisville *Journal* says:

"Meade is here still. It was announced that he would go to Pennsylvania on a visit, but he has not gone. He may be seen strutting about the War Department any hour of the day like a peacock with a bar of iron drawn through its body. It is understood that he ran away from Georgia to avoid personal consequences likely to result from the betrayal of private hospitality, with which he is charged. He is being ironized extensively by the Radicals. Ben Butler dined him to-day. They are considered birds of a feather."

"LET US HAVE PEACE."—Gen. Grant is reported to have published an order to all the military Governors, "instructing" them in regard to the passage of the bill for the admission of the Southern States. Does that order withdraw the soldiers? If not, when will another order withdrawing them come, and is it not time it came now? Military Governors are not wanted in the South any longer, with or without instructions.—Will the General hurry? Or is it the game that the soldiers are to stay for the election and act in Shepherd's style, taking care that nobody hurrahs for the opposition candidate?—*N. Y. Herald.*

The military authorities have offered five thousand dollars reward for "information that will lead to the conviction of the assassins of Solomon G. W. Dill, who was assassinated at his residence in Kershaw district, S. C., on Thursday evening, June 4th, 1868." A pretty good premium for perjury, considering that a number of the most respectable residents of the district are now confined in Castle Pinckney on the charge of "being implicated" in the said assassination.

RECONSTRUCTION.—Would you, ask the Radicals, rather remain under a military government than have officers of your own? Ask Arkansas, Alabama, Georgia, and the other reconstructed States. They have been brought into the Union, and yet they have exactly the same sort of Freedmen's Bureau officials and the same kind of military rule that we have, superadded to a whole catalogue of scallawag and carpet bag officers. Oh, the farce!—*Rich. Whig.*

A beautiful young damsel with blue gaiters, blue dress, blue sacque, blue lace collars, blue hat, with a blue plume, blue parasol with blue tassel, blue fan, blue kid gloves, blue eyes, tortoise bracelets, necklace, and ear-rings, attracted considerable attention at the Blue Lick Springs a few days ago. She was from the bluegrass region of Kentucky, and was a grass widow of the euphonious name of Blue.—*New Albany Leader.*

HEALTH OF GOVERNOR BROWNLOW.—The Rome *Courier* learns from a gentleman just from Knoxville, that Governor Brownlow is prostrated with palsy, and cannot speak above his breath. His friends think he cannot live through the summer, though the Governor fully expects to serve out his six years' term in the United States Senate.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 1, M.

Hamilton, member of the House from Florida, was sworn in this morning.

The Democratic Convention in the 13th Congressional District of Ohio, has re-nominated Gen. Geo. W. Morgan for Congress.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 1, P. M.

Gold 1,40½. Money 5@6.

North Carolina, ex-compons, 73; Virginias, ex-compons, 56; new 55. Ex-interest Tennessee weak at 69½.

Mess pork 28,80.

Cotton quiet, 31½.

Turpentine quiet, 44½. Rosin quiet.

LIVERPOOL, July 1, M.

Cotton easier. Uplands 11|@11¼. Orleans 11|@11½.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

FROM NEW ORLEANS—TROUBLE ANTICIPATED—THE MILITARY CALLED OUT.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1, P. M.

This morning before the hour for assembling the Legislature, one section of Artillery and a squadron of Cavalry prepared for service, and occupied Lafayette Square. Two Companies 1st. Infantry commanded by Captain Viele occupied the sidewalk fronting Mechanics Institute.

A large body of police is on duty in and around the building. No one is allowed to approach if not giving a good account of their business. The appearances indicating trouble, Col. Gentry and General Neill, of General Buchanan's staff, were also present.

The Senate was called to order at a quarter past twelve, but few Democrats present. The roll of members only of who took the test-oath, including Campbell, as stated on yesterday, was called.

After the minutes were read, the Committee to whom was referred, on yesterday, the orders of General Buchanan, reported that they were of the opinion that the action of the President in requiring the members to take the test oath should be fully sustained. A due respect, however, to the wishes of the General Commanding the Armies of the United States induced the Committee to recommend a discontinuance of the test oath, and that, hereafter, members be allowed to qualify in accordance with the Constitution of the State.

A motion that the first paragraph be stricken out, created considerable discussion, and was finally tabled.

The report was adopted as it came from the Committee.

A motion that the roll furnished by the Commanding General be called, and all the members wishing to be sworn in under the Constitution, was made.

In calling the roll the name of Sombalo, who was ousted on yesterday by the election Committee, was omitted, though he presented himself to be sworn.

Fifteen Democratic Senators took the Constitutional oath.

Several motions were offered when Lynch called the attention to article 159 of the Constitution, which states that no action of any kind can be taken by the Legislature until action upon the 14th amendment.

The Committee on Elections and Credentials was discharged, on motion of Mr. Ray, in order that a new one may be appointed, on which the Democratic side may be represented. Adjourned.

Sombalo will probably take his seat to-morrow, and the contest for seats will proceed regularly.

House proceedings were of a similar nature, but more opposed to dispensing with the test oath. Upon a second call of the roll, of those who had not qualified, but three qualified. More will probably do so to-morrow.

Charles W. Lowell, white, elected Speaker.

The House adopted a joint resolution, ratifying the 14th Amendment.—Yeas 57, Nays 3.

A resolution was offered by W. Pope Noble, one of the three Democrats who had qualified, that the roll of the members as returned by General Buchanan be called, and that the members qualify whether their seats are contested or not. Tabled.

"*Resolved*, By the House that none disqualified by the 14th amendment or article 99 of the Constitution or whose seats were contested be allowed to take their seats."

It was stated authoritively that the application for the presence of the military to-day, was made by two Democratic Senators.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 1, P. M.

SENATE.—Trumbull spoke against the bill excluding the Southern States from the Electoral College, and moved to strike from the Bill Florida and Arkansas. No action was taken.

The civil appropriation bill was resumed. Sherman withdrew the funding bill which he had offered as an amendment.

The House had under consideration the Alaska bill. Washburne, of Wisconsin, opposed any appropriation to carry the treaty into effect. The understanding is the vote will be taken on Thursday week.

FROM WASHINGTON—GEN. MCDOWELL RELIEVED OF COMMAND OF THE 4TH MILITARY DISTRICT.

WASHINGTON, July 1, P. M.

The President has relieved Gen. McDowell from command of the 4th Military District. He is ordered to report, without delay, to the War Department. He is succeeded by Gen. Gillem.

FROM FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSEE, July 1, P. M.

Governor Reed received the surrender of the government of the State to-day, from Governor Walker, in compliance with an order from Gen. Meade, according to General Orders No. 91, from Atlanta, dated yesterday.

Military rule ceases in that State and the commander of the sub-district is ordered to abstain from interference with the civil law upon any pretext whatever.

As no appointments have been made for State and County officers the old ones will hold over till the appointment by Gov. Reed and confirmation by the Legislature which meets on the 7th.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, July 1, P. M.

General Napier of the Abyssinian war arrived here on yesterday. He is the guest of Lord Lyons. He will be created Peer on his return to England.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 1, P. M.

Cotton a shade firmer. Sales of 1,800 bales a 31½@32.

Gold closed firm at 40½.

WILMINGTON, July 1, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firm at 39.

Rosin declined. Strained 1 85, No. 1, 2,50@3. Pale 4.

Tar declined 3,25@3.

LIVERPOOL, July 1, P. M.

Cotton dull. Sales of 8,000. Uplands 11|@11¼. Orleans 11|@12.

Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Hillsboro' Coal Mining and Transportation Company will be held at their office, No. 142 Pearl street, in the City of New York, on the first Tuesday in July next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

W. H. WIGGINS, Secretary.

June 1-2awtd

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	60c
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	37
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	23
" Lexington (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	5
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	28
" " (new.)	13
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-208-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, A. S. MERRIMON, GEO. W. SWEPSON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	50
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	17
" Lexington, (old,)	10
" " (new.)	12
" Lexington, payable at Graham	9
" North Carolina	22
" Roxboro'	55
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	5
" Yanceyville	25
" Wilmington	30
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " " (new.)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) U. S.	55
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	50
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	15
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	27
" Thomasville	20
" Wilmington	29
" Commerce	16
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	60
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	68
Exchange on New York	¼
R. & G. Railroad Stock	45

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
LEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	25@26
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22½@40
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HEERINGS	$6 00@$10
HIDES—Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	15@17
HAY	$1@125 pr. cwt.
LARD	22@25
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	55@65
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	2 00@2 25
" White	2 50@3 00
POTATOES—Irish, New	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@70

REMARKS.

Cotton—None offering. Last sales 25@26.

BINGHAM SCHOOL. MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

FALL TERM opens July 22nd. Address COL. WM. BINGHAM.

June 20-1m.

R. H. GRAVES' SCHOOL, WILLIAMSBORO', N. C.

COURSE OF STUDIES: Ancient Languages and English Branches, including if desired, the higher Mathematics and Book-keeping.

TERMS:—For Tuition and Board, per session of 20 weeks, one hundred and thirty dollars in advance. Each Pupil providing for himself, one pair of Sheets, one pair of Pillow-cases, washing and lights.

The Fall Session of 1868 opens on Monday, 13th of July.

June 30-aw1m

WILSON SCHOOL, Melville, Alamance County, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION commences July 16th, 1868.

Board and Tuition, $125.

Each pupil will furnish two sheets, 2 pillow-cases and 1 blanket.

For circulars apply to the Principal.

JNO. WILSON, Jr., Principal.

June 24-1aw3w

Chatham Railroad Company,

RALEIGH, June 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CHATHAM RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, July 20, 1868.

W. W VASS, Treas and Sec'y.

June 23-td

Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co,

RALEIGH, June 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday, July 16th, 1868.

The transfer books will be closed from 1st to 20th proximo, inclusive.

W. W. VASS, Treas. & Sec'y.

June 23-td

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000.

No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies, each is said by rival Agents, each claiming the Company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the OFFICIAL and SWORN statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the Ætna are much lower than any other Company; and, after the average is struck, the ÆTNA, in 1865, saved $10.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867, $4.90. The receipts of the ÆTNA were, in 1865, $1,655,939; in 1866, $3,922,976, and in 1867, $5,129,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,919.30, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $120,387.64, making a grand total of $797,307 03 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon Elisur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose RATIO of expense to its income is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the ÆTNA is THAT Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 38	$ 28 90	$ 29 28
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	28 20	30 02
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	33 18	35 67	32 92	33 92
Germania	49 23	47 38	41 12	45 91
Guardian Mutual	40 07	31 20	36 50	35 92
Home	35 98	37 41	34 85	36 08
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	40 16
Mutual Life	38 84	30 03	22 76	30 54
Mutual Benefit	31 33	32 62	27 39	50 44
Manhattan	34 80	31 50	33 23	33 18
Mass. Mutual	38 14	33 44	36 40	35 99
New England Mutual	40 31	30 85	29 44	33 53
New York Life	37 09	28 26	29 48	31 61
North American	32 01	23 49	24 71	26 73
Phœnix Mutual	37 06	30 97	29 30	30 44
Security	37 14	36 30	33 70	35 71
Union Mutual	32 66	29 98	26 96	29 66
Washington	42 20	49 40	41 77	44 45
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 56	33 96
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 32	26 66	26 56
Difference	10 41	7 19	4 90	7 04

The ÆTNA income for 1865 was $1,655,939, on which $10 41 per 100,	SAVED. $172,317 66
" " " 1866 " $3,922,976, " 7 19 " "	253,358 72
" " " 1867 " $5,129,447, " 4 90 " "	251,342 90
To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868	120,286 64
Giving a Total Saved by the Ætna in 3 years of	$ 797,307 03

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office,

W. H. CROW, Manager.

June 1-tf

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN INSOLVENT LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 37
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 45
EQUITABLE	1 34
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States. Its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY, General Agent for North Carolina, Raleigh, N. C.

Jan. 1—124-3m

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE.

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loss or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES,

its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE, General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1868

SIR LAUNCELOT'S BOAST

Sir Launcelot boasted he never would wed;
He was proof 'gainst ' women's wiles,' he said,—
And would lead the life of the free.
A smile would but glance from his shield of steel,
A tear would be missed on the way it was shed,
And an army of Cupid, airy and fleet,
Would fall in their sins if they aimed at him!
He never would marry—not he.

But Sir Launcelot's shield was lost in the fray,
And his heart of stone was melted to clay;
He was vanished in spite of his boast.
One smiling face dispelled the dark frown;
A single aim had brought him down,—
'Twas only a waiting-maiden that won;
At a country inn his wooing was done
With a basin of milk and some toast.

Sir Launcelot's pleading already began,
The maiden glanced shyly (as if at the sun)
At the suitor so tender—so gay
She thought she might love, yet she feared to try;
With an innocent pride she was bashful and coy,
And she trembled as tender words he said,
As if his breath were a breeze she must dread,
Lest it blew all her Summer away.

Sir Launcelot married, the news traveled far;
His boast was remembered—most evil things are—
And the world laughed aloud in its mirth.
But Sir Launcelot said he had grown more wise,
For an angel had dropped from her place in the skies;
And 'twas not the woman he loved, though he knew
That her face was fair and her eyes were blue.
'Twas the heart that he loved, for 'twas tender and true,
And bore none of the fashion of earth.

Why is a photographic album like a libellous publication? Because it is full of personal reflections.

The gardeners, having patiently endured the conflict of the elements, are now enjoying a season of peas.

The rage to toady the Chinese just now amounts to a fever, and in that view may be called a yellow fever.

When is a train in danger of running over an old man with a scythe in his hand?—When it is behind Time.

We often censure the conduct of others, when, under the same circumstances, we might not have acted half so well.

A lady, who had a son at school, has forbidden him to play the "national game," for fear he may be prematurely balled.

It seems difficult to decide which is the most destructive—the mortar in the battle field or the mortar in the drug-shop.

Brevity and punctuality are not the trifling virtues too many good people seem by their speech and procrastination to deem them.

Felix says the Cincinnatians don't celebrate the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans. They are too much devoted to Packin-ham.

A cabinet maker, who had failed to call for a table, according to promise, was mildly denounced as "a very un-come-for-table person."

A critic, speaking of Parepa's vocalism, says, "We hang upon every note." This is a proof of the lady's remarkable power of execution.

One of the points of difference between a Christian and a cannibal is, that the one is supposed to enjoy himself, and the other enjoys other people.

A countryman, returning home from the city, said: "Mr. Licensed Vender must be a very rich man, for he owns nearly all the one horse wagons in New York."

A young lady fainted in a New York theatre the other night. She was revived by throwing water in her face, and her first words were, "O! my new bonnet!"

The "Sumner Land" is the popular name given by Spiritualists to the other world.—This is not so torrid an appellation as that given to one section of it by many theologians.

"Owing to the peculiar arrangement of the programme, no piece can be repeated," was the answer White received from his landlady upon asking for a second piece of pie at dinner.

An Irish gentleman hearing of a friend having a stone coffin made for himself, exclaimed: "By me sowl, and that's a good ides! Sure an' a stone coffin 'ud last a man his life time!"

Why are sheep most dissipated and unfortunate of animals? Because they gambol about in their youth, frequent the turf, are very generally black-legs, and are universally fleeced.

Miss Rye, who provides the housekeepers of Canada with English housemaids imported under her auspices, was robbed recently in Montreal. That was literally "going through the Rye."

The authoress of a novel, "Hood and Glove," published in England, says that "All day long Claude paces backward and forward, like an overseer on a Massachusetts cotton plantation."

A lawyer on his death-bed willed all his property to a lunatic asylum, stating as his reason for so doing that he wished his property to return to the liberal class of people that had patronized him.

A man, in telling about a wonderful parrot hanging in a cage from the window of a house which he often passed, said: "It cries 'stop thief' so naturally that every time I hear it I always stop."

An Illinois editor claims the champion dunner's belt for a gentleman of Jacksonville, in that State, who dunned a man on his knees in church, and compelled payment before he would allow him to resume his prayer.

The Boston *Post* estimates that seven hundred and thirty-five (735) pairs of green goggles were seen in the streets of Boston on one day in anniversary week, the owners of which had come up to the Hub to reform the world.

A Radical paper says the niggers in the Alabama Convention were in excellent spirits, and closed their services by singing, "We're goin' to Heben a reelin' and rockin'." That's pretty much the way Grant goes to bed.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,

June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

On Consignment.

THE following Extracts and Medicines:

Laudanum, Paregoric, Castor Oil, Essence of Lemon, Peppermint, and a superior Boot Polish.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
may 13-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible. If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES or CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,

April 3 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

CLOTHING STORES.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS.

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A new lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather,

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,

GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,

Opposite Tucker Hall,

June 4-tf Raleigh N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,

GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Opposite Tucker Hall.

June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board, per Day, $2,00.

Liberal deductions made on Board by the Month. Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished.

FARE GOOD.

June 6-1m

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$3,500,000**.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Dec. 14—116-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17-3m*

Thirty Days Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly of the State, for an Act incorporating the NORTH CAROLINA LIFE ASSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 18 law1m

1868. **1868.**

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Sexton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year		$8 00
" "	six months	4 00
" "	three months	2 00
Semi Weekly Sentinel, for one year		4 00
" "	six months	2 00
" "	three months	1 00
Weekly	for one year	2 00
"	six months	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people.—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,

Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed. I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

JORDAN'S

OIL OF BAY LEAVES.

IS THE BEST and MOST ELEGANT preparation for the hair in use.

It cures diseases of the scalp.

Prevents the hair from falling off or turning grey

Removes Dandruff.

Makes the hair soft and glossy,

And causes it to grow luxuriantly.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Toilet Articles.

Price 75c. per bottle.

Prepared by

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
June 9-tf Petersburg, Va.

GLUE.—WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a stock of Irish, Sheet and common Glue, which we will sell low.

JORDAN & CARR,
June 9-tf Druggists.

Bank of the State of North Carolina.

RALEIGH, June 10, 1868.

THE GENERAL ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on the first Monday in July next, at the Banking House in this City.

June 11-eodtd C. DEWEY, Agent.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders, payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment), for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcripts of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1,00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1,00.

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1,00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland,) Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts.

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100, 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance, Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and, if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

	Term Expires		Term Expires
MAINE.		**INDIANA.**	
Lot M Morrill r	'69	T A Hendricks d	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71	Oliver Morton, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		**ILLINOIS**	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71	Richard Yates, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73	Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
VERMONT.		**MICHIGAN.**	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'71	Zach Chandler, r	'69
Justin S Morrill, r	'73	Jacob M Howard, r	'71
MASSACHUSETTS.		**WISCONSIN.**	
Charles Sumner, r	'69	I R Doolittle, d	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73	Timothy O Howe, r	'73
RHODE ISLAND		**MINNESOTA.**	
William Sprague, r	'69	Alex Ramsey r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71	Daniel S Norton, d	'71
CONNECTICUT.		**IOWA.**	
James Dixon d	'69	James W Grimes, r	'71
Orris S Ferry, r	'73	James Harlan, r	'73
NEW YORK.		**MISSOURI.**	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69	John B Henderson, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'75	Charles D Drake, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.		**KANSAS.**	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69	Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Alex G Gaittell, r	'71	Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.		**NEBRASKA.**	
C R Buckalew, d	'69	Thos W Tipton, r	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'75	John M Thayer, r	'71
DELAWARE.		**NEVADA.**	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69	Jas W Stewart, r	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'75	James W Nye, r	'71
MARYLAND.		**CALIFORNIA.**	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69	John Conness r	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——	Cornelius Cole, r	'73
WEST VIRGINIA.		**OREGON.**	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69	Jos H Williams r	'71
Waitman T Willey, r	'71	Henry Corbett r	'73
KENTUCKY.		**COLORADO.**	
—— Mc Creery d	——	John Evans, r	——
Garrett Davis, d	'73	Lot Morrill r	——
TENNESSEE.			
D T Patterson, d	'69	*Not admitted.	
Joseph S Fowler r	'71		
OHIO.		**RECAPITULATION.**	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69	Republicans 41. Democrats and Conservatives, 13.	
John Sherman, r	'77		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.		Horace Maynard, r	
John Lynch, r		William B Stokes, r	
Sidney Perham, r		James Mullins, r	
James G Blaine, r		John Trimble, r	
John A Peters, r		Samuel M Arnell r	
Frederick A Pike, r		Isaac R Hawkins, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		David A Nunn, r	
Jacob H Ela, r		**OHIO.**	
Aaron F Stevens, r		Benjamin Eggleston, r	
Jacob Benton, r		Samuel F Carey r	
VERMONT.		Robt C Schenck, r	
F E Woodridge, r		Wm Lawrence, r	
Luke P Poland, r		Wm Mungen, d	
W C Smith, r		Reader W Clarke, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.		Samuel Shellabarger, r	
Thomas D Eliott, r		C S Hamilton, r	
Oakes Ames, r		Ralph P Buckland, r	
Ginery Twitchell, r		James M Ashley, r	
Samuel Hooper, r		John T Wilson, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r		Pailad Van Trump, d	
Nathaniel P Banks, r		George W Morgan, d	
George S Boutwell, r		Martin Walker, r	
John D Baldwin, r		Tobias A Plants, r	
Wm B Washburn, r		John A Bingham, r	
Henry L Dawes, r		Ephraim R Eckley, r	
RHODE ISLAND.		Rufus P Spaulding, r	
Thomas Jenckes, r		James A Garfield, r	
Nathan F Dixon, r		**INDIANA.**	
CONNECTICUT.		Wm E Niblack d	
Richard D Hubbard, d		Michael C Kerr, d	
Julius Hotchkiss, d		Morton C Hunter, r	
H H Starkweather, r		Wm S Holman, d	
William H Barnum, d		George W Julian, r	
NEW YORK.		John Coburn, r	
Stephen Tabor, d		H D Washburn, r	
Demas Barnes, d		Goodlove S Orth, r	
Wm E Robinson, d		Schuyler Colfax r	
John Fox, d		John P C Shanks, r	
John Morrisey, d		**ILLINOIS**	
Thomas E Stewart, d		At large—J A Logan, r	
John W Chandler, d		Norman B Judd, r	
Jas Brooks, d		John F Farnsworth, r	
Fernando Wood, d		Elihu B Washburne, r	
Wm H Robertson, r		Abner C Harding, r	
Thomas H Van Wyck, r		Eben C Ingersoll, r	
John H Ketchum, r		Burton C Cook, r	
Thomas Cornell, r		H P Bromwell, r	
John V L Pruyn, d		Shelby M Cullom r	
John A Griswold, r		Lewis W Ross, d	
Orange Ferris, r		Albert G Burr, d	
Calvin T Hulburd, r		Samuel S Marshall, d	
James M Mervin, r		John Baker, r	
Wm C Fields, r		Green B Raum, r	
Addison H Laflin, r		**MICHIGAN.**	
Alex H Bailey, r		Fer C Beaman, r	
John C Churchill, r		Chas Upson, r	
Denis McCarthy, r		Austin Blair, r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r		Thos W Ferry, r	
Wm H Kelsey, r		B E Trowbridge, r	
Wm S Lincoln, r		Jno F Driggs, r	
Hamilton Ward, r		**WISCONSIN.**	
Lewis Selye, r		Halbert E Paine, r	
Burt Van Horn, r		Ben F Hopkins, r	
James M Murphy, d		Amasa Cobb, r	
Henry Van Aernam, r		Chas A Eldridge, d	
NEW JERSEY.		Philetus Sawyer, r	
Wm Moore, r		C C Washburne r	
Chas Haight, d		**IOWA.**	
Chas Stitgreaves, d		James F Wilson, r	
John Hill, r		Hiram Price, r	
Geo A Halsey, r		Wm B Allison r	
PENNSYLVANIA.		Wm Loughbridge, r	
Samuel J Randall, d		George M Dodge, r	
Chas O'Neill, r		Asahel W Hubbard, r	
Leonard Myers, r		**MISSOURI.**	
Wm D Kelley, r		Wm A File, r	
Caleb N Taylor r		Chas A Newcomb, r	
Ben M Boyer, d		Jas R McCormick, d	
Jno M Bromell, r		Jos J Gravelly, r	
Jno L Getz, d		Jos W McClurg r	
Thaddeus Stevens, r		Robt T Van Horn, r	
Henry L Cake, r		Ben F Loan, r	
David M Van Auken, d		John F Benjamin r	
Geo W Woodward, d		George W Anderson,	
Ulysses Mercur, r		**NEBRASKA.**	
George F Miller, r		John Trade, r	
A J Grossbrenner, d		**NEVADA.**	
Wm H Koontz, r		Delos M Ashley, r	
Daniel J Morrell, r		**CALIFORNIA.**	
Samuel F Wilson, r		Samuel B Axtell, d	
Glenni W Scofield, r		Williams Higby, r	
Darwin A Finney, r		James A Johnson, d	
John Covode, r		**OREGON.**	
Jas K Moorehead r		Rufus Mallory, r	
Thomas Williams, r		**COLORADO.**	
Geo V Lawrence, r		George M Chilcott, r	
DELAWARE.		**DELEGATES.**	
John A Nicholson, d		**ARIZONA.**	
MARYLAND		Coles Bashford, r	
Hiram McCullock, d		**DAKOTA.**	
Stevenson Archer, d		Walter A Burleigh, r	
Chas E Phelps, d		**IDAHO.**	
Francis Thomas, r		E D Holbrook, d	
Frederick Stone, r		**MONTANA.**	
WEST VIRGINIA.		Jas M Cavanaugh d	
Chester D Hubbard, r		**NEW MEXICO.**	
Bethuel M Kitchen, r		C P Clever, d (contested)	
Daniel Polsley, r		**UTAH.**	
KENTUCKY.		Wm D Hooper, d	
L S Trimble, d		**WASHINGTON.**	
John Y Brown, d		Alvin Flanders, r	
John S Golladay, d		**WYOMING.**	
J Proctor Knott, d		James S Casement, r	
Asa P Grover, d		**RECAPITULATION.**	
Thomas L Jones, d		(Without Delegates from Territories):	
James B Beck, d		Republicans 145. Democrats and Conservatives, 49.	
George M Adams, d			
John D Young, d			
KANSAS.			
Sidney Clarke, r			
TENNESSEE.			
Roderick R Butler, r			

*Not admitted

Courts Of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Anson County—On the second Monday in January, April, July and October

Ashe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Alexander—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Alamance—First Monday after the 4th Monday of February, May, August and November

Alleghany—Second Monday in January, April, July and October

Bladen—Third Monday in March and September, and the first Monday in June and December.

Burke—Second Monday in February, May, August and November.

Beaufort—Third Monday in March and September, and the first Monday in June and December.

Bertie—Second Monday in February, May, August and November.

Bladen—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Brunswick—First Monday in March, June, September and December.

Buncombe—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December.

Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Cabarrus—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Camden—Second Monday in March, June, September and November

Carteret—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Caswell—First Monday after the 4th Monday of March, June, September and December

Catawba—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chatham—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Cherokee—Second Monday in April, July, September and December

Clay—First Monday in April, July, September and December

Cleveland—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Columbus—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Craven—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Cumberland—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Currituck—Last Monday in February, May, August and November

Davidson—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Davie—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Edgecombe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Forsyth—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Franklin—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Gaston—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Gates—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Granville—First Monday in March and September

Greene—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Guilford—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Halifax—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Harnett—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Haywood—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Hertford—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Hyde—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Henderson—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Iredell—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Jasper—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Johnston—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Jones—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

Lenoir—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

Lincoln—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Martin—Second Monday in January, April, July and October

McDowell—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Mecklenburg—Second Monday in January, April, July and October

Montgomery—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Moore—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Macon—Third Monday in April, July, September and December

Madison—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Mitchell—Fourth Monday in March, June, September and December

Nash—Second Monday in February May, August and November

New Hanover—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Northampton—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Onslow—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Orange—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Pasquotank——Monday in March, June, September and December

Perquimans—Second Monday in February, May, August and December

Person—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Pitt—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Polk—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Randolph—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Richmond—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Rowan—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Robeson—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rockingham—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rutherford—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Sampson—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Stokes—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Surry—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Stanly—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Tyrrell—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Transylvania—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Union—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Wake—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Warren—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Washington—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Watauga—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February May, August and November

Wayne—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilkes—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilson—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Yadkin—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Yancy—Fifth Monday after